Name	Date	Period



# **ACCELERATION - PART 1**

# MATERIALS:

- Flat board
- Toy skateboard
- 3 Washers
- Rubber band
- Calculator
- Meter stick

## PROCEDURE

- 1. Make a ramp from the board and a wooden block.
- 2. Roll the skateboard down the ramp.
- 3. Use the meter stick to measure how far the skateboard travels. Record.
- 4. Repeat steps 2 & 3 for a total of 5 trials.
- 5. Use a rubber band to attach a washer to the skateboard.
- 6. Repeat steps 2-4
- 7. Add another washer to the skateboard.
- 8. Repeat steps 2-4
- 9. Add a third washer to the skateboard.
- 10. Repeat steps 2-4

## **OBSERVATIONS:**

DATA TABLE 1

Number of		Average Distance				
Washers	Trial 1	Trial 2	Trial 3	Trial 4	Trial 5	(cm)
0						
1						
2						
3						

Graph your data using a bar graph. Remember to title and label your graph.

Title:


## REMEMBER:

The independent variable goes on the X-axis. The dependent variable goes on the Y-axis.

Before you plot your graph - THINK! What did you change, what did you measure?

Describe the relationship show in the graph. What effect does the independent variable have on the dependent variable?

#### ANALYSIS/CONCLUSIONS:

- 1. How does increasing mass affect the motion of objects?
- 2. Predict how far the skateboard would roll if you added 5 washers? Explain your answer.

 Acceleration is a change in velocity. This may be a change in speed and/or direction. What effect does mass have on acceleration? Explain your answer using data from your experiment.