### Order of Operations and Evaluating Expressions MP 1, MP 3, MP 4, MP 6, MP 8

**Objectives** To simplify expressions involving exponents To use the order of operations to evaluate expressions



**Essential Understanding** You can use *powers* to shorten how you represent repeated multiplication, such as  $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2$ .

A **power** has two parts, a *base* and an *exponent*. The **exponent** tells you how many times to use the **base** as a factor. You read the power  $2^3$  as "two to the third power" or "two cubed." You read  $5^2$  as "five to the second power" or "five squared."

as "two to the third power" or "two cubed." You read 5<sup>2</sup> as "five to the second power" or "five squared." You simplify a numerical expression when you replace it with its single numerical value. For example, the simplest form of  $2 \cdot 8$  is 16.

base

exponent

Lesson Vocabulary • power • exponent • base • simplify • evaluate



To simplify a power, you replace it with its simplest name.

What does the exponent indicate? It shows the number of times you use the base as a factor.

Think



Essential Understanding When simplifying an expression, you need to perform operations in the correct order.

You might think about simplifying the expression  $2 + 3 \times 5$  in two ways:



Both results may seem sensible, but only the second result is considered correct. This is because the second way uses the order of operations that mathematicians have agreed to follow. Always use the following order of operations:

Key Concept Order of Operations

- 1. Perform any operation(s) inside grouping symbols, such as parentheses () and brackets []. A fraction bar also acts as a grouping symbol.
- 2. Simplify powers.

VE NOTE

- 3. Multiply and divide from left to right.
- 4. Add and subtract from left to right.

 $(6-2)^3 \div 2$ 

#### Problem 2 Simplifying a Numerical Expression

What is the simplified form of each expression?

How do you simplify an expression that contains a fraction? You start by simplifying the numerator and denominator. Then you divide the numerator by the denominator.

Think

 $(6-2)^3 \div 2 = 4^3 \div 2$  Subtract inside parentheses.  $= 64 \div 2$  Simplify the power. = 32Divide.  $\frac{2^4-1}{5}$  $\frac{2^4-1}{5} = \frac{16-1}{5}$  Simplify the power.  $=\frac{15}{5}$ Subtract. = 3Divide.

Got It? 2. What is the simplified form of each expression?

**a.**  $5 \cdot 7 - 4^2 \div 2$ **b.**  $12 - 25 \div 5$ 

- c.  $\frac{4+3^4}{7-2}$ d. Reasoning How does a fraction bar act as a grouping symbol? Explain.

11

When two or more variables, or a number and variables, are written together, treat them as if they were within parentheses. So 4xy is equivalent to (4xy), and  $xy^2 = (xy^2)$ . You evaluate an algebraic expression by replacing each variable with a given number. Then simplify the expression using the order of operations.

# Problem 3 Evaluating Algebraic Expressions

#### Plan

How is this Problem like ones you've seen before? You begin by substituting numbers for the variables. After substituting, you have numerical expressions just like the ones in Problem 2.

What is the value of the expression for x = 5 and y = 2?  $x^{2} + x - 12 \div y^{2} = 5^{2} + 5 - 12 \div 2^{2}$  Substitute 5 for x and 2 for y.  $\bigtriangleup x^2 + x - 12 \div y^2$ Simplify powers.  $= 25 + 5 - 12 \div 4$ Divide. = 25 + 5 - 3Add and subtract from left to right. = 27 $\mathbb{B}(xy)^2 \div (xy)$ Substitute 5 for x and 2 for y.  $(xy)^2 \div xy = (5 \cdot 2)^2 \div (5 \cdot 2)$ Multiply inside parentheses.  $= 10^2 \div 10$ Simplify the power.  $= 100 \div 10$ Divide. = 10 **Got If?** 3. What is the value of each expression when a = 3 and b = 4 in

parts (a)-(b)? **a.**  $3b - a^2$ 

**b.**  $2b^2 - 7a$ 

## Problem 4 Evaluating a Real-World Expression

Banking What is an expression for the spending money you have left after depositing  $\frac{2}{5}$  of your wages in savings? Evaluate the expression for weekly wages of \$40, \$50, \$75, and \$100.

Relate

Write

Know Savings equals <sup>2</sup>/<sub>5</sub> of wages.

Various weekly wages

spending money equals

**Define** Let w = your wages.

The expression  $w - \frac{2}{5} \cdot w$  represents

the amount of money you have left after depositing  $\frac{2}{5}$  of your wages in savings.

w

wages minus  $\frac{2}{5}$  of wages

. w

- Need Expression for spending
- money Amount of spending money for various weekly wages

#### Plan

Write an algebraic expression and evaluate it for each amount of weekly wages. Use a table to organize your results.

#### **Spending Money**

Wages (w)	$w - \frac{2}{5}w$	Total Spendin Money (\$)
40	$40 - \frac{2}{5}(40)$	24
E0	$50 - \frac{2}{50}(50)$	30
00	2 (75)	45
75	$75 - \frac{1}{5}(75)$	60
100	100 - = (100)	

### Think How can a model

### help you write the expression?

This model shows that spending money equals your wages w minus the amount you save:  $\frac{2}{5}W$ .



12



**4.** The shipping cost for an order at an online store is  $\frac{1}{10}$  the cost of the items you order. What is an expression for the total cost of a given order? What are the total costs for orders of \$43, \$79, \$95, and \$103?

2. 23 **3.**  $\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^2$ 

**Lesson Check** 

Do you know HOW?

Evaluate each expression for x = 3 and y = 4.

what is the simplified form of each expression?

- 4.  $x^2 + 2(x + y)$
- 5.  $(xy)^3$

1. 5<sup>2</sup>

6.  $4x^2 - 3xy$ 

## Do you UNDERSTAND?

- **( Figure 3. Vocabulary** Identify the exponent and the base in  $4^3$ .
- **8. Error Analysis** A student simplifies an expression as shown below. Find the error and simplify the expression correctly.





PowerAlgebra.com

- **36.** Geometry The expression  $\pi r^2 h$  represents the volume of a cylinder with radius *r* and height *h*.
  - **a.** What is the volume, to the nearest tenth of a cubic inch, of the juice can at the right? Use 3.14 for  $\pi$ .
  - **b. Reasoning** About how many cubic inches, to the nearest tenth of a cubic inch, does a fluid ounce of juice fill?

Simplify each expression.

Apply

**37.**  $2[(8-4)^5 \div 8]$  **38.**  $3[(4-2)^5 - 20]$  **40.**  $\frac{22+1^3+(3^4-7^2)}{2^3}$ **41.**  $3[42-2(10^2-9^2)]$ 

- (S) 43. Think About a Plan The snack bar at your school has added sushi to its menu. The ingredients for one roll include sushi rice, seaweed sheets, cucumbers, cream cheese, and 3 oz of smoked salmon. One roll can be cut into 8 servings. Write an expression for the amount of salmon needed to make *s* servings of sushi. How much salmon is needed to make 16 servings? 24 servings? 80 servings? 100 servings?
  - · What operations are needed in your calculations?
  - Use a table to help you organize your results. What will you use for the column headings in your table?
  - **44. Salary** You earn \$10 for each hour you work at a canoe rental shop. Write an expression for your salary for working the number of hours *h*. Make a table to find how much you earn for working 10 h, 20 h, 30 h, and 40 h.

#### Evaluate each expression for the given values of the variables.

<b>45.</b> $3(s-t)^2$ ; $s = 4$ , $t = 1$	<b>46.</b> $2x - y^2$ ; $x = 7$ , $y = 3.5$
<b>47.</b> $3m^2 - n; m = 2, n = 6$	<b>48.</b> $(2a+2b)^2$ ; $a = 3, b = 4$
<b>49</b> . $2p^2 + (2q)^2$ ; $p = 4$ , $q = 3$	<b>50.</b> $(4c - d + 0.2)^2 - 10c$ ; $c = 3.1$ , $d = 4.6$
<b>51</b> . $\frac{3g+6}{h}$ ; $g = 5$ , $h = 7$	<b>52.</b> $\frac{2w+3v}{v^2}$ ; $v = 6, w = 1$

## **53.** Writing Consider the expression $(1 + 5)^2 - (18 \div 3)$ . Can you perform the operations in different orders and still get the correct answer? Explain.

- 54. A student wrote the expressions shown and claimed they were equal for all values of x and y.
  - **a**. Evaluate each expression for x = 1 and y = 0.
  - **b**. Evaluate each expression for x = 1 and y = 2.
  - **c. Open-Ended** Choose another pair of values for *x* and *y*. Evaluate each expression for those values.
  - d. Writing Is the student's claim correct? Justify your answer.
  - **55.** Find the value of  $14 + 5 \cdot 3 3^2$ . Then change two operation signs so that the value of the expression is 8.

14



**39.**  $10 - (2^3 + 4) \div 3 - 1$ 

**42.**  $\frac{2 [8 + (67 - 2^6)^3]}{9}$ 

Use grouping symbols to make each equation true.

<b>56.</b> $9 + 3 - 2 + 4 = 6$	<b>57.</b> $16 - 4 \div 2 + 3 = 9$
<b>58.</b> $4^2 - 5 \cdot 2 + 1 = 1$	<b>59.</b> $3 \cdot 4 + 5 - 6 + 7 = 28$

**60.** a. Geometry A cone has a slant height  $\ell$  of 11 cm and a radius *r* of 3 cm. Use the expression  $\pi r(\ell + r)$  to find the surface area of the cone. Use 3.14 for  $\pi$ . Round to the nearest tenth of a square centimeter.

**b. Reasoning** Does the surface area of the cone double if the radius doubles? If the slant height doubles? Explain.

### **Standardized Test Prep**

Challenge

SAT/ACT	<b>61</b> . What is the simp	<b>61.</b> What is the simplified form of $4 + 10 \div 4 + 6$ ?						
	A 1.4	<b>B</b> 9.5	<b>C</b> 12.5	<b>D</b> 24				
	<b>62.</b> What is the value	2. What is the value of $(2a)^2b - 2c^2$ for $a = 2, b = 4$ , and $c = 3$ ?						
	<b>F</b> 14	<b>G</b> 28	<b>H</b> 32	1 46				
	equals $\frac{1}{25}$ of the							
	A \$17	<b>B</b> \$26	<b>C</b> \$27	<b>D</b> \$33				
	<b>64.</b> You can find the distance in feet that an object falls in <i>t</i> seconds using the expression $16t^2$ . If you drop a ball from a tall building, how far does the ball fall in 3 s?							
	<b>(F)</b> 16 ft	<b>G</b> 48 ft	(H) 96 ft	<b>144 ft</b>				
Mi	xed Review							
	Write an algebraic ex	pression for each word p	bhrase.	See Lesson 1-1.				
	<ul><li>65. 4 more than <i>p</i></li><li>67. the quotient of <i>m</i> and 10</li></ul>		<b>66.</b> 5 minus the J	<ul><li>66. 5 minus the product of <i>y</i> and 3</li><li>68. 3 times the difference of 7 and <i>d</i></li></ul>				
			<b>68.</b> 3 times the d					
Tell whether each number is <i>prime</i> or <i>composite</i> .			ite.	👍 See p. 798.	🌰 See p. 798.			

71.43

**75**.  $\frac{2}{3}$ 

79. 4.25

PowerAlgebra.com

**69.** 17

**73.**  $\frac{3}{5}$ 

77.0.7

70.33

Get Ready! To prepare for Lesson 1-3, do Exercises 73-80.

Write each fraction as a decimal and each decimal as a fraction.

**74.**  $\frac{7}{8}$ 

78. 0.07

72.91

**76**.  $\frac{4}{7}$ 

80.0.425

See p. 802.

15