$\qquad$ Date $\qquad$ Class $\qquad$

## Acceleration

Key Concept What does a speed-time graph indicate about an object's motion?
Directions: On the speed-time graph below, plot the speeds of three cars, as indicated. Label the lines you draw on your graphs car $A$, car $B$, and car $C$.


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1. During a period of 60 seconds, car $A$ travels at a speed of $125 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ for 15 seconds and then slows to $100 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$; car B travels at a speed of $75 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ for 30 seconds and then increases to 125 $\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{h}$; car C travels at a constant speed of $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$.

Directions: Answer each question on the lines provided. lines, which line represents the faster car? the right side of the graph?

2. During a period of 20 seconds, car $A$ slows at a constant rate from a speed of $100 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ to a complete stop; car B travels at a constant speed of $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$; and car C accelerates at a constant rate from a standstill to $100 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$.
3. If a speed-time graph showing the motion of two cars contains two parallel horizontal
4. What does it mean if those two lines bend toward each other and meet at a point on
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$\qquad$
5. What is the limitation of speed-time graphs?

